THE RED PLAQUES OF GIBRALTAR



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- Gail Francis-Tiron for her help when needed
- Pepe Rosado for reading this and making his valued comments
- Claire Montado for giving me some of the older photos to use
- My parents for their gentle 'reminders' to get this finished and proof reading!

INTRODUCTION:

These cast iron red plaques were placed around Gibraltar between 1959 and 1975 in possibly the first attempt to present the rocks history to visitors and residents. They were the work of the Gibraltar Museum Committee which at the time was under the chairmanship of the Hon. Mrs Dorothy Ellicott O.B.E., J.P. (see appendix III). Modern information boards will perhaps replace them (see 'Future' section below), but I hope this will not happen. They are their own piece of Gibraltar's history.

When I first noticed and started taking photos of these red plaques I looked for a record of how many there were to find. After speaking to The Heritage Trust and Tourist Board I was told there was not an up to date, completed list.

So, here is mine, consisting of 49 plaques, some in situ, some not. There could be more around the rock, or in storage, as there are details of up to 53 in a document attached, dated October 1977, (see Appendix I). From this list there are 43 that I have found and are on mine, another 10 I did not find (some I know have been removed from site with no details of where they are stored) and there are 4 that I found that are not on it.

Things to note:

- 1. The red plaques do not seem to be the responsibility today of any one organization
- 2. They are not all accurate in their information
- 3. Some are not very 'reader friendly' as they are placed high rather than at eye level or are badly obstructed from view

PAST:

A lot more investigation needs to be done on the history of these plaques. The suggestion from local historians that I have spoken to is that they were produced between the years 1959 and 1975. They started out red, were changed to blue possibly in 1975 and then back to red around 2005, with funding from the tourist board.

The plaques would have been very expensive at the time and it is said that Dorothy Ellicott (see Appendix III), who was City Councillor at the time, may have used her influence to get the idea passed. Comments made to me about her included "the first lady City Councillor, ahead of her time" and "the first historian of Gibraltar".

FUTURE:

Who knows, but first, if it is not the case already, one group has to take full responsibility for the upkeep of these plaques. This is a picture of a new 'board' that took its place at the south end of Main Street, by the tax office, February 2014, replacing plaque no. 28. It would be a shame if they were all replaced like this, as, to me, it does not seem to have a visual link to the archway, far too modern and possibly in the wrong position.



The new board does have a lot more information but some visitors just want a snippet of a history 'story' to take home with them, which is what the red plaques do very well.

I think that these red plaques could be used as part of a walk, with their locations marked on a detailed map or just 'suggested' to make the finding of them more of a challenge. There are a number of words used on the plaques that could be explained at the same time (see Appendix II).

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
ANDPORT GIBERRA GHIR HIAN BY SAL JANGPORT WAS THE FIGHTING IN THE SECRET SECRET SETTER BEING THE SECRET SETTER EIGHTING IN THEREEN SIEGES.	Walk from Casemates through the tunnel behind Nelsons, the plaque is at the entrance of the tunnel.	List 'A' No. 15	Details may not be correct
SITE OF VILLA VIEJA SITE OF VILLA VIEJA TARIK OR THE NANI OF GERATIAG—CIREL TARIK OR THE NANI OF GERATIAG—CIREL MOORISH LEADER WHO LANDED NEARLY IN 7TH, HER THE MOODS REMAINED, WITH ONE SHORT BERAKUNTEL HOD AND BUILT ONE SHORT BERAKUNTEL HOD AND BUILT HE LOWER PART OF WHICH WAS SO RUNOUS ATTER THE THIRTEENTH SIEGE THAT IT WAS PULLED DOWN IN 1731 TO ROBM THIS SQUARE.	In Casemates, to the left of the entrance into the glassworks.	List 'A' No. 20	
REBUILT SHORTLY BEFORE THE GREAT SHORTLY BEFORE THE FIRE STATE OF THE FIRE STATE OF THE FIRE STATE OF THE SHORTLY BEFORE THE SHORTLY BE	On the side of Kings Bastion near to the British War Memorial, Line Wall Road. Next to plaque no 4.	List 'A' No. 18	The words on the plaque differ from the suggested words shown on the 1977 list. Same words as plaque no. 9
G MARKE THIS TARGE WAS ERRECTED ON BICKNETNING TO COMMISSIONATE THE HIST COMPANY OF SODDER OWNERS OF CONTROL O	On the side of Kings Bastion near to the British War Memorial, Line Wall Road. Next to plaque no 3.	'Kings Bastion' (handwritten at end of list)	
WATER FROM THE AQUEDUCT UNDER THE RED SANDS WAS SOLD AT THIS FOUNTAIN. STANDING NEAR HERE, FROM 1684 TO 1872. REBUILT IN CASTLE ROAD IN 1886 IT REMAINED IN USE UNTIL 1964.	Set back from Line Wall Road, near to steps leading up to Catholic Community Centre and British War Memorial.	'Boulevard by Community Centre' (handwritten at end of list)	

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
THIS BUILDING ERECTED IN 1820. AND ORIGINALLY FRONTED BY GRECIAN COLUMNS, HOUSED THE COURT OF CIVIL PLEAS UNTIL 1830. WHEN UNDER CHARTER GRANTED BY HAW KING WILLIAM IV IT BECAME THE SUPREME COURT OF GIBRALTAR. IT WAS RESTORED TO ITS PRESENT FORM IN 1888 DURING THE GOVERNORSHIP OF SIR ARTHUR HARDINGE.	Outside the Court House, south end of Main Street.	List 'B' No. 8	
BATH HOUSE UNDER THIS BUILDING IS GOVERNOR'S HAVE BELONGED THER GOVERNOR'S HAVE BELONGED THERE GIBRALTAR FROM 711 TO BOG AND FROM 1462.	On the outside wall of the museum (Bomb House Lane)	List 'A' No. 9	
UNTIL RECENTLY USED AS FORTRESS. HEADQUARTERS, LINE WALL HOUSE WAS PROPERLY OF THE WALL HOUSE WAS AND LATER THE GENERAL OFFICER COMMANDING ROYAL ARTILLERY.	On Duke of Kent House, Line Wall Road.	List 'C' No. 2	For the words 'until recently' to be included on this plaque, a date really should have been mentioned.
KING'S BASTION REBUILT HORTLY BEFORE THE GREAT TWO OF ITS HEROES, HERE GENERAL THE FIRECT EQUENCY OF HERE ELIOTT, THE GOVERNOR, OWNERD DURING THE FIRECEST BOMBARDMENT GOVERNEAL BOYD, THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNEAL BURIED AT HIS OWN REQUEST.	On wall of Kings Bastion on Queensway.	List 'A' No. 18	The words on the plaque differ from the suggested words shown on the 1977 list. Same words as plaque no. 3
AFTER TURKISH PIRATES WHO LANDED AT EUROPEANCHED AND BUNNED THE TOWN ALMOST UNOPPOSED THE DIFFERENCE OF THE WARDED THE BURNED THE BURNED THE BURNED THE BURNED THE BURNED TO THE SOUTHERN END OF THE TOWN. THIS WAS EXTENDED TO THE SUMMIT OF THE ROCK UNDER HIS SUCCESSOR PHILIP II OF SPAIN.	On Charles V Wall, near TOC H, down from Southport Gate, Line Wall Road, side of Ince Theatre	List 'B' No. 11	

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
ALMOST ALL GROUND OUTSIDE THE LINE WALL HAS BEEN RICLAIMED IN THE TWENTIETH CENTURY, UNTIL WORK BEGAN ON THE PRESENT DOCKYARD IN 1895 THE SEA CAME UP TO THE WALL NEARLY EVERYWHERE FROM WATERPORT TO ROSIA.	On Queens Way, over the road from the entrance into Queens Way Quay, close to Ragged Staff Gate.	List 'A' No. 28	Same words as plaque no 12
ALMOST ALL GROUND OUTSIDE THE LINE WALL HAS BEEN RECHAMED IN THE TWINTERT CENTURY, UNTIL WORK BIGAN ON THE FRESHY DOCKYARD IN 1895 THE SIA CAME UP TO THE WALL NIGHT EVERY WHERE FROM WATERPORT TO ROSIN.	On Queensway, near to Waterport Gates which lead into Casemates.	List 'A' No. 28	Same words as plaque no 11
A STRONG TOWER WHICH BRITISHING GALLEYS EMISTED OF THE FOURTEWING CONTROL OF THE STREET OF THE	On bridge, Smith Dorrien Avenue.	List 'A' No. 7	Details may not be correct.
THE CONVENT A FRANCISCAN CONVENT FOUNDED IN 1531. BECAME THE COVENORS RESIDENCE AFTER THE TRIAKS LEFT THE ROCK IN 1704. PART OF THE CHAPLE HAS BEEN ADAPTED TO FORM THE GARRISON CHIRCH.	On wall of The Convent, Main Street, to the right of main entrance.	List 'A' No. 26	Incorrect details. The Franciscan Friars were expelled by the Governor when he took it over in 1711. The friary dates from 1528 and its chapel 1532.
THIS DOORWAY IS RELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN BROUGHT FROM THE MAISH CHURCH OF VILLA VIELA, THE CLUBSE PART OF THE TOWN, BADLY DAMAGED IN THE 1737 SIEGE AND LATER DEMOLISHED TO MAKE CASEMATES SQUARE.	NO LONGER IN SITU	List 'A' No. 1	Incorrect words. Was on wall of the tax office, opposite Ince Theatre. Removed when doorway renovated (Feb '14). Replaced by modern signage.

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
RAGGED STAFF GATES A CATE WAS CUT THROUGH LINE WALL IN 170 WHEN A WHARF FOR VICTUALLING WARSHIPS WAS BUILT HERE, BUT THE ORIGIN OF THE NAME, RAGGED STAFF, IS UNKNOWN.	On the wall of Ragged Staff Gates, near to roundabout which leads into Dockyard Road.	List 'A' No. 19	
TRAFALGAR CEMETERY HERE LIE THE REMAINS OF SOME WHO DIED OF WOUNDS AT GIBRALTAR AFTER NELSON'S GREAT VICTORY IN OCTOBER, 1805, THOSE KILLED DURING THE BATTLE HAVING BEEN BURIED AT SEA. OTHER GRAVES DATE FROM 1798.	On the fence of the cemetery, on Trafalgar Road, near to Referendum Gates (south end of Main Street).	List 'A' No. 10	
AN INSCRIPTION HERE USED TO READ "GOD AND THE SOLDIER ALL WEN ADORE IN TIME OF TROUBLE AND NO MORE FOR WHEN WAR IS OVER AND ALL THINGS RIGHTED COD IS NEGLECTED AND THE OLD SOLDIER SLIGHTED."	At the end of Europa Road, drive through Prince Edwards Gate and plaque is on the right.	List 'C' No. 3	
THE OLD CATE OF ALGEGIAS WAS DESTROYED IN 15-32 DURING THE BUILDING OF THIS BASTICK OF SANTIAGO, EATHER SCARRED IN FOUR LATER SIGGIS, NOW CALLED FRAT BASTION.	At the end of Europa Road, on the high wall to the right, just before you go through Prince Edwards Road.	List 'B' No. 1	
PRINCE EDWARD'S CATE THE CATE WAS NAMED ATTER THE FOURTH SON OF GEORGE III, LATTER DUSE OF KINT AND IATHER OF QUEEN VICTORIA WHO WAS SERVING. IN GERALITAR WHEN IT WAS CUT THROUGH CHARLES VS. WALL IN 1790.	Just before you drive through Prince Edwards Gate to head on to Prince Edwards Road, plaque is on your left.	List 'A' No. 2	

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
LONG USED AS A BURIAL GROUND AND FOR MILITARY EXERCISES THE RED SANS, OUTSIDE THE CITY WALLS, WAS LAID OUT AS AN ALAMEDA BY SIR GEORGE DON IN 1816.	In the Alameda Gardens, near to the open air gardens	List 'B' No. 4	
THIS IS THE SOLE SURVIVING VENT OF AN AQUEDUCT INTO WHICH WATER SEEPED FROM THE RED SANDS ABOVE, BUILT UNDER THIS ROAD IN 1571 AND USED FOR OVER 350 YEARS.	On Rosia Road, heading south, it is on your left, on the roadside in front of the Alameda Estate and opposite the Italian restaurant '4 Stagioni'.	List 'A' No. 13	Placed on another side of the structure would have been better, very close to the road as it is now.
BRITISH FLEETS HAVE VICTUALLED FROM ROSIA BAY FOR OVER TWO HUNDRED YEARS. IN OCTOBER, 1805, H.M.S. VICTORY CAME INTO THE BAY AFTER THE BATTLE OF TRAFALCAR WITH THE BODY OF NELSON ABOARD.	On Rosia Road, going south, past the entrance to the 100 tonne gun, on your right, in a carpark.	List 'A' No. 12	Not easy to see as obstructed by a bus stop, a shame with its reference to Nelson
BEFORE CHARLES VS WALL WAS BUILT IN 1522 THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE TOWN CALLED LA TURBA, HAD ITS OWN DEFENSIVE WALLS, OF WHICH THIS FORMED PART.	On Town Range near to Hargraves Parade. On wall of the Hargraves Court Sports Facility.	List 'B' No. 10	Not easy to see as obstructed by a road sign.
EXTENDED AND STRENGTHENED AFTER BRITAIN TOOK THE ROCK IN 1704, THE OLD MOLE WAS KNOWN TO THE SPANIARDS AS DEVIL'S TONGUE, BEING SUCH A SCOURGE TO THEIR SHIPPING.	On Waterport Road. Near to the Rooke statue.	Not on list	A little obscured from the road by a kiosque.

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
HERE A SIGNAL STATION WHICH EXISTED WAS CLOSED IN 1022 BECAUSE LEVANT CLOUD OF THE OBSCURED THE VIEW. ITS DUTIES WERE CONTINUED JROM WINDMILL SIGNAL STATION.	At the top of the rock, by entrance to the café behind the cable car station.	'Summit Restaurant' under Proposed Plaques	The 2 nd picture of this plaque is an old one showing it painted blue (or black?).
FIGURE TRIBUTE WAS A STREET TO SEASON SERVICE TO THE BEST CHILD EAST WAS CLOSED WITH DESPERABLE CLOSES. THE SERVICE TRIBUTE AS A STREET OF THE SERVICE TRIBUTE AS A STREET OF THE SERVICE TRIBUTE SERVICE SERVICE TRIBUTE SERVICE SERV			
27 Str. By Associates of terms Object of the process of the proc	At the top of the rock, walking south, away from the cable car towards Douglas Path, it is on the left.	List 'C' No. 6	The second picture of this plaque shows it newly painted, as it is now, it is desperately in need of a fresh coat.
SOLDIERS CLIMBED THE EAST FACE OF THE ROCK IN 1704 FROM CATALAN BAY TO SURRISS THE GARRISON, BUT THEY WERE DISCOVERED AND MADE, PRISONER. THE SHEPHERD'S PATH FROM ILEAR THIS SHEP WAS SCRAPED AWAY SOON AFTERWARDS.			
THE EMPEROR CHARLES V ORDERED THE RUHEING OF A GREAT DEFINISIVE WALL IN 1952. THE ARMS OVER THE ORIGINAL CATE, WHICH HED TO A DRAWBRIDGE, INCLUDE THOSE OF SYAIN AND GIBRALTARS, BEARS, THOSE OF BRATIAN, CHRISTIAN, HEARS, THOSE OF BRATIAN, CHRISTIAN, AND SIR JOHN ADYE, THEN COVERNOR.	On Referendum Gate, on southern side of the arches, near to Trafalgar Cemetery.	List 'A' No. 6	

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
CUT INTO SOLID ROCK IN 1771 HEALY'S MOREAR WAS INTENDED TO HURL OVER A THOUSAND STONES WEIGHING OVER IID BACH ON TO ANY ATTACKING FORCES, BUT IT PROVED UNSUCCESSFUL AS MOST STONES FELL INSIDE THE FORTRESS.	Up the rock on Old Queens Road, walking north, it is past the Apes Den on your right, just past Queens Gate.	List 'A' No. 17	The second picture of this plaque shows it as it was blue. It has been suggested that the details on this plaque may be incorrect.
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DUNNETH DERENT SIGN I EMPELOUPLY DUNNETH DERENT SIGN I EMPELOUPLY DUNNETH DERENT SIGN I EMPELOUPLY DUND APPEAR AVENTED THIS DEPARTMENT ROMAL SETTEM TO TERRIAN AVENTED AT PERCES DYRANTEN TO TERRIAN AVENTED AT PERCES DYRANTEN IN THE PRESENCE OF CENTRAL	In Casemates, near to fish & chips cafes.	Not on list	A little obscured by chairs, umbrellas and potted plants depending on the time of day. Why not put reference to more info in the Great Siege Tunnels.
MOORSI CASTLE CATELOUSE OLOEST RECUENCIAL THE ORIGINALLY INTO THE CASTLE OCCURRENT AND BRITISH THOOPS FOR OVER EIGHT HUNDRED YEARS.	On Tankerville Road, going up the hill it is just past Tarik Passage on your right, in a carpark on the left. On the wall of the Moorish Castle.	List 'A' No. 27	Because the area is a carpark, if a high van/car is parked by the wall then the plaque is hidden.
PARTS OF THIS WALL WAY DATE ARE NO RECORD TO WHICH THERE CIPRALTA THE TOWERS AND PARAPETS SEEN TODAY WERE RESTORED IN THE LITH CENTURY.	On Tankerville Road, going up the hill it is just past Tarik Passage on your right, past the carpark and on the castle walls on your left.	List 'B' No. 5	

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
ASSETTING THE HOUSE OF NOW THE HOUSE OF NOW THE HEAD OF ASSETTING THE SENDING TRANSPORT OF ASSETTING AS AN EXCHANGE OF SUBSCENTION OF THE SEADONG REPRESENT SUBSCIENCE TO GIVE AND ASSETTING OF THE SEADONG PROPERTY OF THE SEADONG FOR THE OFFERNISHING OF THE SEADONG FOR THE SEADONG FOR THE SEADONG FOR THE SEATONG FOR TH	On outside wall of Parliament Building on Main Street. Walk into Mackintosh Square and you will see it through the gates.	'House of Assembly' under Proposed Plaques	Not easy to read if the gate is closed. The second picture of this plaque shows it when it was red.
NOT THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY THIS BUILDING WAS ERECTED AS AN EXCHANGE BY SUBSCRIPTION OF THE ELADING MECHANTS OF GIRRALTAR IN 1817 DURING THE GOVERNORSHIP OF SIR GLORGE DON WHOSE BUST SURMOUNTS THE ENTRANCE.			
"THE DEVIL'S TOWERSEMPLACEMENT CUARDING THE CALEDONIAN CANAL AND TANK TRAP WHICH EXISTED SOME METRES IN FRONT OF THIS SPOT DURING WORLD WAR II (1939-1945)"	On Catalan Bay Road. Driving from Devils Tower Road it is on your left near to the entrance in to Eastern Beach and the MOT centre.	Not on list	
NEAR GIBRALTAR IN BILDURING AME PENINSULAR WAR, THE PEOPLE OF SAN ROQUE ELED TO CATLAN BAR WHERE THEY STAYLD UNTIL THE INVADERS WITHOREW.	On Catalan Bay Road. To the left of the entrance down to the carpark for Catalan Beach. Near to a bus stop.	List 'C' No. 1	
AFTER SIX WERKS OF TOIL MINERS VERE ALMOST SUFFOCATED BY THE FUMES OF BLASTING, SO ON REACHING FINIS POINT A HOLE WAS OPENID FOR VENTILATION AT ONCE IT WAS REAUGHD WHAT A TINE EMBRASURE THIS STOLED MAKE FOR A GUN, SO ONE WAS MOUNTED HERE.	In the Great Siege Tunnels.	List 'A' No. 22	

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
TUNNELING CONTINUED AFTER FIGHTING CEASED IN 1783, AND ST. GEORGIS HALL, A BATTERY FOR SEVEN GUNS, WAS EXCAMATED UNDER THE NOTCH- LORD NAPIER OF MACDALA GAVE A BANQUET HERE IN 1878 TO GENERAL GRANT OF THE UNITED STATES.	In the Great Siege Tunnels, St Georges Hall.	List 'A' No. 24	
ON 20 NOX: 1081 A DINNER WAS CIVEN HERE BY THE DESIGN TORTHESS COMMANDER, REGALDING G.E.D. DEGENORITH CEE, TO MARK THE 2000 ANNIVERSARY OF THE SOUTH CONTROL STATE WHE HE EXCELLENCY THE COVERNOR, CRISTAL SIR WHILD JACKSON GEE KS W. AND THE CHIEF MINISTER, SIR JOSHUA HASSAN CEE MVO QC JF.	In the Great Siege Tunnels, St Georges Hall.	Not on list	
WHEN THE MOORS RECAPTURED CIBRALTAR FROM THE SANAHARDS IN 1933 THEY REPORT THE SANAHARDS IN 1935 RAILER TOWER, RUINED IN THE FIGHTING, INTO THIS SOULD TOWER OF HOMAGE WHICH HAS SINCE WITHSTOOD TEN SIEGES.	Over the main entrance leading in to the Moorish Castle.	List 'A' No. 14	
PRINCE ALBERT'S FRONT WAS BUILT AFTER THE GREAT SIEGE. THE ORIGINAL WALL OF SUCCESSIVE MOORISH, STANISH AND BRITISH WORKMANSHIP FORMS ONE SIDE OF THE SUNKEN GARAGE OPPOSITE.	In an area being used as a carpark behind Range Rover/Jaguar, on the wall of Prince Alberts Front. The best way to access the area is by walking into it from the Catholic Community Centre end.	'Prince Alberts Front' under Proposed Plaques	This is hidden by both cars and the building in front. Do NOT drive in as you will have to reverse back out, which is not easy.
MODERN ALTERATIONS HAVE SWEPT AWAY MANY OF THESE BANQUETTES, OR INFANTRY FIRING STERS, WHICH ONCE STRETCHED ALONG THE WALLS FROM WATERPORT TO ROSIA.	In an area being used as a carpark behind Range Rover/Jaguar, on the wall of Prince Alberts Front. The best way to access the area is by walking into it from the Catholic Community Centre end.	'Prince Alberts Front' under Proposed Plaques	This is hidden by both cars and the building in front. Do NOT drive in as you will have to reverse back out, which is not easy.

PLAQUE PICTURE	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
COMPANIES OF THE ROOM IN THE PLANT OF THE PL	Up the rock at the end of Old Queens Road by Princess Carolines Battery.	List 'A' No. 8	Same words as plaque 43.
UNTIL THE TWENTIETH CENTURY COMPANIES OF STRONG ARMED GUNERS HAULED HEAVY GUNS UP THE ROCK USING ROPES PRESED THROUGH RINGS LIKE THE ONE BELOW, WHICH ENISTED ALONG JULK ROADS LEADING TO THE SUPER ROCK.	On Queens Road near to the turning for St Michaels Cave and the Queens Balcony View Point.	List 'A' No. 8	Same words as plaque 42. This was repainted for the Queens Diamond Jubilee in 2012.
ST. MICHAEL'S CAVE KNOWN FO ONE SOM AND LONG BEHEVED TO BE SOTTOMICS THIS CONE WINDS DOWNWARD SOME 700 FEET INTO THE ROCK, THE UPPER HALL, FITTED OUT AS AN AUXILIARY HOSPITAL IN 1942, IS NOW USED FOR CONCERTS.	By the entrance into St Michaels Cave, opposite the entrance into the shop.	List 'A' No 16	Refurbished end of 2013.
outside certin pounts	Old Queens Road. On Queens Gate cut into Charles V Wall, near to the Apes Den.	List 'A' No. 4	
THIS SQUARE ARE THE CRESTS OF THE REGIMENTS WHICH TOOK PART IN THE CAPTURE OF GIBRALTAR IN 1704 OR DEFENDED THE ROCK IN ONE OF THE SUBSEQUENT THREE SIECES BY THE SPANIARDS.	** NO LONGER IN SITU **	'Piazza' under Proposed Plaques	This was in the Mackintosh Square area. At the end of 2013 this plaque was being stored in the Gibraltar Heritage building.

PLAQUE PHOTO	LOCATION	REF NO (1977 LIST)	COMMENTS
GREAT SIEGE IN 1783 A FARM AT THIS POINT WAS GIVEN OF SECTION OF THE POINT WAS GIVEN OF SECTION OF THE POINT WAS GIVEN OF THE POINT WAS GALLERIES HERE TO WE USE OF THE POINT HERE PROMY SECTION OF THE POINT AND ADVANCED WORKS. INCESS GALLERIES HERPED GREATLY TOWARDS THE SUCCESSFUL DEFENCE OF THE FORTRESS.	Old Queens Road. At the bottom of the steps, by electricity box, which lead up to the entrance of Ince's Farm.	List 'B' No. 9	
DURING THE GREAT SIECE, 1779–1783. THE GARRISON FOUND A GOOD USE FOR ANY SPANISH SHOT WHICH DID NOT BREAK UP ON DIAFACT, THEY FIRED THEIR BACK STONE, MOUNTED RECENCE THE SEA, SO THAT THE SHOT COULD NOT BE USED FOR A THIRD TIME.	** NO LONGER IN SITU **	'By American War Memorial' (Handwritten at end of list)	Removed and stored, where?
WHEN THE CREAT SIEGE ENDED IN- FEBRUARY, 1983, THIS GALLERY WAS 370 FIET LONG, WITH FOUR CUINS MOUNTED IN SIEGHBRASURES. THE DUC DE CRILLION, WHEN MOONSMANDED THE REMY FORCES, WHEN SOWNMANDED THE REMY FORCES, WHEN SOWNMANDED THE CALLERY LATER, SAID'S THESE WORKS ARE WORTHY OF THE ROMANS."	Great Seige Tunnels	list 'A' No. 23	

Appendix II

Why not further the plaques involvement in tourism? These are a list of words used in the plaques that, if explained, would bring more meaning to the 'story'.

WORD	PLAQUE(S) IT IS USED IN
Bastion	3 & 19
Soldier artificers	4
Officers mess	8
Wharf	16
Victualling/Victualled	16 & 23
Line Wall	11 & 16
Red sands	5, 21 & 22
Alameda	21
Mole	25
Levant cloud	26
Galleries	47
Isthmus	30
Caledonian Canal	34
Tank trap	34
Embrasure	36
Battery	37
Banquettes	41
Emplacement	34

Appendix III

Dorothy Ellicott's story & photograph - taken from Wikipedia



Dorothy was born in Havant, England in 1901. She moved to Gibraltar when she was aged 5 where her father worked at the Gibraltar Dockyard. There, she received her education from the Sisters of Loreto. As a young woman she worked for the Gibraltar Chronicle and was also a Reuters correspondent. At the start of World War II, she was a member of the St. John Ambulance Nurses and took part in some of the first journeys to French Morocco, in the initial stages of the evacuation of the Gibraltar civilian population (May/June 1940), later returning to "the Rock". When the Gibraltarian evacuees were later expelled from the French Morocco and a wider scale evacuation schema was being implemented, Ellicott had to leave Gibraltar by September 1940 and relocated to the United Kingdom, where she remained for four years. She did not return to Gibraltar until August 1944.

After the war she became involved in politics. In December 1947 she was the first woman to become a member of the City Council, and remained an elected member for nine years. In 1959, she also became the first woman to be elected to the Legislative Council, this time as an independent, remaining there for five years. She was also Chair of the Gibraltar Museum Committee (later to become Gibraltar Heritage Trust).

In 1970, Dorothy Ellicott was appointed first female Justice of Peace of Gibraltar. In 1972, she was awarded the OBE. In 2008, the recently created Gibraltar Medallion of Honour was bestowed, posthumously, upon Dorothy Ellicott for public service and service to heritage.